PSCI 4700: Politics of Immigration
Midterm 3 Study Guide

Part A. Identification Questions (40 points)
For the first part of the exam, you will be asked to write a short paragraph (4-5 lines) on several key terms. To get full credit you must: 1) give a short, one-line definition of what the term is, and 2) explain why it is significant in the context of the class. For the exam, you will be given a list of 5 terms and will be expected to write on 4 of 5. Each answer is worth 10 points.

- Samuel Huntington
- Jus Sanguinis
- Jus Soli
- Dual Citizenship
- Remittances
- Brain Drain
- Islamic Headscarf Debate (France)
- Far Right Parties
- English Only Movement
- Silicon Valley
- Brain Circulation
- Mexican Immigration to the US
- German Citizenship
- Naturalization in the US
- Expatriate Voting
- Minarets (Switzerland)

Part B. Essay (60 points)
For the second part of the exam, you must write one longer essay. Your grade will depend on the following components: 1) a thesis statement in the opening paragraph with a concise answer to the question; 2) developing your argument with a clear theory and references to empirical examples; 3) demonstrating command of the reading materials and lectures, including references to specific authors. For the exam, two of the following questions will be selected. You will be asked to write on one of the two.

1) Select any two countries and discuss their citizenship policies. How easy or difficult is it for immigrants to become citizens? How are these countries similar with respect to citizenship policy, and how do they differ? How has the acquisition of citizenship affected the political life of these countries?

2) Discuss debates over citizenship and integration in Europe, with respect to at least two countries. Which groups were in favor of extending citizenship rights to immigrants? Which groups were opposed? Have citizenship and integration policies in these countries become more or less restrictive and why?

3) In the United States, some argue that current waves of immigrants are different from their predecessors with respect to their ability or willingness to become full members of American society. Discuss and evaluate these claims. How well integrated are current immigrants in the US compared with previous generations? What are the main obstacles to immigrant inclusion? Then, compare the US experience with that of European countries. How has immigration to Europe affected discussions about national identity and citizenship?

4) How has emigration affected sending countries? Discuss how emigration affects the economic, social and political life of migrants’ home countries. How have governments in high-emigration countries tried to retain ties to their migrants in order to maximize economic benefits?